Disclaimer:

This document is based on the results from an individual trial and may contain experimental use patterns that are currently off-label. **This document does not provide any interpretation and should not be taken as an endorsement of any unregistered use pattern**. Professional advice should be sought for specific recommendations to ensure access to the most up to date information and knowledge. *Any product referred to in this document must be used strictly as directed, and in accordance with all label or permit instructions. Always consult the label prior to use.*

Alternative 2nd Knocks for Grass Weeds							
Trial ID:	LB1822	Location: Investigator:	Irvingdale Linda Bailey	Т	rial Year:	2018	
Objective	:	To eva	aluate alternative sec	ond knock options fo	or grass weeds		
- Situation:	•	Fallow					
Application:		Α	AB				
		(1 st Knock)			(2 nd Knock)		
Application Date:		31/10/201	31/10/2018		07/11/2018 (7 Days after Application A)		
Nozzles:	ozzles: AIXR110015						
Volume:			100 L/ha				
Pressure:			300 kPa				
Weed:		Feathertop Rhod	odes Grass Flaxleaf Fleabane				
Weed Por	pulation:	10.5 plants/	m ² 0.4 plants/m ²			2	
Weed Sta	ge at Application:	Full Tillering, up to	0 cm tall Buds visible but pre flowering 20-25 cm tal			ng. 20-25 cm tall	
Keywords	s:	Featherton Rh	odes grass, flaxleaf fl	eabane, knockdown.	double knock, fa		
NB: 1 st Kn	lock (Application A) was a i	mixture of Roundup CT 2 L/	ha + Verdict 100 mL/	ha + Uptake 0.5% v/v	v over the entire a	area	
Comparis	on of 2 nd Knock Performan	ce (all applied at Application	on B)				
Pest Scie	ntific Name		Chloris	virgata	Conyza bonarie	ensis	
Pest Nam	ne		Feathertop I	Rhodes Grass	Flaxleaf Fleaba	ane	
Assessme	ent Date		17/11/2018	13/12/2018	13/12/2018	\$	
Assessme	ent Type		BURNDOWN	SURVIVING	REGROWIN	3	
Assessme	ent Unit		%	/m ²	/m ²		
Treatment-Evaluation Interval			17 DAA/ 10 DAB	43 DAA/ 36 DAB	43 DAA/ 36 D	AB	
ARIVI ACTI	ion Codes	Durdunt		AA	AA		
No.	Treatment	Rate					
1	1st knock only	-	93-	0.00-	0.68a		
2	Gramoxone	800ml/ha	98-	0.01-	0.58abc		
3	Gramoxone	1600ml/ha	98-	0.00-	0.67ab		
4	Gramoxone	2000ml/ha	98-	0.00-	0.51a-d		
5	Gramoxone	2400ml/ha	98-	0.00-	0.19de		
D	Gramoxone	1600mi/na	98-	0.03-	0.47a-d		
7	Gramovone	28/11a 1600ml/ba	100-	0.00-	0 130		
,	Sharnen	9ø/ha	100-	0.00-	0.156		
	Hasten	1% v/v					
8	Gramoxone	1600ml/ha	100-	0.07-	0.20cde		
	Basta	2000ml/ha	-				
9	Paratrooper	1600ml/ha	100-	0.01-	0.52a-d		
10	Alliance	3200ml/ha	95-	0.03-	0.25b-e		
11	Gramoxone	1600ml/ha	98-	0.00-	0.22cde		
	Balance	100g/ha					
12	Sprayseed 250	1600ml/ha	97-	0.03-	0.17de		
13	Basta	3750ml/ha	98-	0.07-	0.58abc		
14	Experimental	3300ml/ha	98-	0.01-	0.80a		
	Hasten	1% v/v					
		LSD P=.05	nsd	nsd	1.841t		
		Treatment Prob.(F)=	0.4568	0.8481	0.0141		

Means followed by same letter do not significantly differ (P=.05, LSD)

t=Mean descriptions are reported in transformed data units, and are not de-transformed.

Mean comparisons performed only when AOV Treatment P (F) is significant at mean comparison OSL.

Missing data estimates are included in columns: Average=3, 7

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Location:

Irvingdale

Trial Year:

2018

Assessment Type

BURNDOWN = % Burndown/brown out <u>ARM Action Codes</u>

AA = Automatic arcsine square root % transformation

DAA = Days after Application A, DAB = Days after Application B

Conclusions:

The trial was established to screen 2nd knock options for feathertop Rhodes grass (FTR) control. A 1st knock of Roundup CT 2 L/ha + Verdict 100 mL/ha + Uptake 0.5% v/v was applied to a FTR population of ~11 weeds/m² at late tillering prior to stem elongation (~10-30 cm in diameter). The 2nd knock treatments were applied 7 days later.

A burndown assessment was conducted 10 days after the 2^{nd} knock application. A very high level of burndown (93%) was achieved from the 1^{st} knock alone with no significant difference apparent between the 2^{nd} knock treatments.

Survival counts of FTR were taken 36 days after the 2nd knock. The first knock alone provided complete FTR control with no apparent difference between the 2nd knock treatments.

A count was also made of surviving flaxleaf fleabane. Gramoxone 2400 mL/ha, Gramoxone 1600 mL/ha + Basta, Gramoxone 1600 mL/ha + Balance, Alliance, Sprayseed and Gramoxone 1600 mL/ha + Sharpen + Hasten all significantly reduced the number of surviving fleabane compared to the 1st knock treatment alone. Gramoxone + Sharpen + Hasten appeared to be the most effective 2nd knock used however the same treatment without the crop oil Hasten performed poorly.

In this situation, none of the 2nd knock options provided any improvement in FTR control compared to the 1st knock treatment alone.

Application Description							
	Α	В					
Application Date:	31/10/2018	7/11/2018					
Application Start Time:	2:40 PM	1:15 PM					
Application Stop Time:	3:40 PM	3:35 PM					
Application Method:	SPRAY						
Application Timing:	LATE POST-EM						
Application Placement:	FOLIAR						
Air Temperature, Unit:	28 C	37 C					
% Relative Humidity:	32	34					
Wind Velocity, Unit:	2 km/h	8 km/h					
Wind Direction:	E	NNW					
Dew Presence (Y/N):	No						
Soil Moisture:	DRY						
% Cloud Cover:	10						
Next Moisture Occurred On:	8/11/2018	8/11/2018					

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Pest Stage at Each Application					
Deet	Chloris virgata Feathertop Rhodes Grass				
Pest:					
Stage Majority:	29				
Stage Minimum:	12				
Stage Maximum:	29				
Diameter, Unit:	30 cm				
Height, Unit:	10 cm				
Density, Unit:	10.5 m ²				

Application Equipment						
	Α	В				
Application Equipment:	Polaris					
Equipment Type:	BOOM					
Operation Pressure, Unit:	350 kPa					
Nozzle Type:	AIXR					
Nozzle Size:	110015					
Nozzle Spacing, Unit:	50 cm					
Nozzles/Row:	8					
Boom Length, Unit:	4 m					
Boom Height, Unit:	110 cm					
Ground Speed, Unit:	7.2 km/h					
Spray Volume, Unit:	100 L/ha					