ASSESSMENT OF WMF NPK CROP PLUS AND WMF

MICROBES ON WHEAT YIELD AND QUALITY

Paul Storer, Microbiologist, Western Mineral Fertilisers Richard Devlin, Research Agronomist, Living Farm

Аім

To evaluate wheat yield and quality when growing wheat with conventional granular fertilisers or Western Mineral's granular mineral fertiliser. To compare the effects of different methods of "extra" nitrogen application.

BACKGROUND

Western Mineral Fertilisers (WMF) Mineral and Microbe cropping programs have basically performed well on relatively low applications of Nitrogen and Phosphorus. This current trial is part of on-going research being conducted to examine mineral fertiliser/microbe programs and the *value* of adding various forms of extra or top up N. As Nitrogen fertilisation is a significant cost in cereal production, the development of a symbiosis between diazotrophic (N₂ fixing) bacteria and cereal would be of enormous economic value.

The objective of this trial is to evaluate different types of Nitrogen (solid, liquid or Microbial) applied: 1) at seeding, 2) post seeding or 3) as a N_2 fixing microbial seed treatment (PSN microbes). The parameters being tested include vigour, nutrient status (plant tissue analysis), yield and quality.

TRIAL DETAILS

Property	McIlroy family, Pithara
Plot size & replication	15m x 1.25m x 3 replicates RCB
Soil type	Sandy Loam
Sowing date	05/06/09
Seeding rate	70 kg/ha Westonia
Fertiliser (kg/ha)	See Treatment List (over page)
Paddock rotation	2008 = Oats, 2007 = Pasture
Herbicides	05/06/09: 2.5l/ha Trifluralin, 2L/ha Roundup, 30g/ha Logran
	08/07/09: 25g/ha Monza, 2%v/v DC Trate
	29/07/09: 380g/ha Achieve, 1.2l/ha Bromicide MA, 0.75%v/v Supercharge
Growing Season Rainfall	201mm

RESULTS

 Table 1. Assessment results for WMF trial at Liebe Group Main trial site.

Trt.	Treatment	Vigour Vigou		Vigour	Yield	Protein	Hectolitre	Screenings
		03/08/09	25/08/09	03/09/09	(t/ha)	%	weight	%
1	Untreated Check	3.7d	3.7e	3.7d	1.14d	7.63d	75.46a	2.29d
	NO Fertiliser							
2	70 kg/ha NPK Crop Plus	5.0c	6.3bcd	5.3c	1.22cd	7.73cd	73.89abc	2.64cd
	750 g/t Ag Microbes on seed							
	No nitrogen							
3	70 kg/Ha NPK Crop Plus	7.0a	7.7ab	8.0a	1.44ab	8.67b	71.51bcd	3.82abc
	750 g/t Ag Microbes on seed							
	10.5 Units Liquid N inject							
4	70 kg/Ha NPK Crop Plus	6.7ab	8.0ab	8.3a	1.40abc	8.87ab	70.67d	3.87abc
	750 g/t Ag Microbes on seed							
	10.5 Units Gran Urea 4W.A.S							
5	70 kg/Ha NPK Crop Plus	5.3c	5.0de	6.3bc	1.28bcd	7.97cd	73.85abc	3.03bcd
	PSN Microbes on seed							
	NO Nitrogen							
Trt.	Treatment	Vigour	Vigour	Vigour	Yield	Protein	Hectolitre	Screenings
		03/08/09	25/08/09	03/09/09	(t/ha)	%	weight	%



Fertilisers & Herbicides

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6	70 kg/Ha NPK Crop Plus	7.0a	7.0abc	7.3ab	1.49a	8.13c	73.51a-d	2.89cd
	PSN Microbes on seed							
	10.5 Units Liquid N inject							
7	70 kg/Ha NPK Crop Plus	5.7a	8.3a	8.5a	1.40ab	9.20a	70.64d	4.54a
	PSN Microbes on seed							
	10.5 Units Gran Urea 4W.A.S							
8	70 kg/ha Macro Pro Extra	7.7bc	5.7cd	6.3bc	1.36abc	7.77cd	75.35a	2.60cd
	400 ml/ha Impact in Furrow							
NO Nitrogen								
9	70 kg/ha Macro Pro Extra	7.3a	8.7a	8.0a	1.47ab	9.17a	71.28cd	4.34a-d
	400 ml/ha Impact in Furrow							
	10.5 Units Liquid N inject							
10	70 kg/ha Macro Pro Extra	3.7a	8.7a	8.5a	1.46ab	8.53b	72.90a-d	3.21ab
	400 ml/ha Impact in Furrow							
	10.5 Units Gran Urea 4W.A.S							
LSD (F	LSD (P=.05)		1.57	1.357	0.1656	0.397	2.6299	1.2721
Standard Deviation		0.72	0.92	0.797	0.0972	0.233	1.5441	0.7469
CV		11.58	13.5	11.58	7.13	2.8	2.11	22.87
Bartlett's X2		3.431	4.59	6.294	8.276	9.38	12.25	12.389
P(Bartlett's X2)		0.945	0.868	0.79	0.602	0.496	0.269	0.26

Means followed by same letter do not significantly differ (P=.05, Duncan's New MRT).

Mean comparisons performed only when AOV Treatment P(F) is significant at mean comparison OSL.

Table 2. Plant tissue analysis (03/08/09) for all treatments.

Treatment.	N %	Р%	К%	S %	Na	Са	Mg	Cl %	Cu	Zn	Mn	Fe	NO ₃	B mg/kg
					%	%	%		mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	
1	3.5	0.4	4.1	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.2	1.7	6.4	34.3	272.1	150.5	40	4.3
2	3.3	0.5	4.3	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.2	1.8	5.7	32.9	267.6	174.2	38	4.3
3	3.7	0.4	3.7	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.2	1.8	5.0	28.5	168.8	142.4	71	4.5
4	3.7	0.5	4.0	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.2	1.7	5.5	30.1	179.8	164.9	30	4.2
5	3.5	0.5	3.9	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.2	1.8	5.7	30.8	231.4	147.0	40	4.2
6	3.7	0.5	4.1	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.2	1.7	5.9	34.2	192.5	165.8	38	4.7
7	3.9	0.5	4.3	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.2	2.1	5.8	33.0	205.1	162.9	58	4.1
8	3.8	0.5	4.2	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.2	1.8	6.2	33.2	207.8	149.2	42	4.5
9	3.8	0.4	3.9	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.2	1.7	5.5	32.1	177.5	154.4	42	3.9
10	3.9	0.5	4.5	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.2	1.7	6.1	33.6	188.0	176.5	100	4.6

COMMENTS

- Yields and protein were generally low across the trial.
- Addition of granular starter fertiliser had a significant effect on yield vs the untreated for all treatments except treatment 2 and 5.
- Throughout the season there was a consistent response of increased plant vigour with the addition of starter fertiliser and additional nitrogen.
- There was no statistically significant difference in yield when comparing PSN Microbes to Ag Microbes.
- For the W.M.F. microbe treated plots, the addition of nitrogen (regardless of form) gave a statistically significant yield increase over microbe treated plots which did not receive Nitrogen. Nitrogen form (inject vs granular) did not have a significant yield difference. NPK Crop Plus with PSN microbes with nitrogen applied at seeding (in liquid form) showed the highest yield (1.49 t/ha), and NPK Crop Plus with PSN microbes with nitrogen applied as granular urea showed the highest Protein (9.2%) levels.
- There was no statistically significant difference in yield between comparable NPK Crop Plus treatments and Macro Pro Extra treatments.
- Addition of N to the Macro Pro plots did not give a statistically significantly yield increase.
- Those plots which did not receive post emergent N were generally significantly lower in protein.
- A later application of nitrogen (urea form) generally resulted in higher protein levels compared to same amount of nitrogen applied at seeding (in liquid form)
- Hectolitre weights were generally higher for those treatments which did not receive any extra nitrogen.
- Screenings results were varied, but were generally lower in treatments that received NO extra nitrogen.

• Plant tissue analysis generally showed little difference between treatments across all elements when assessed on 03/08/09.

PAPER REVIEWED BY: Ben Parkin, Living Farm.

CONTACT: Name: Richard Devlin Email: Richard@livingfarm.com.au Tel: (08) 9641 2845

General Information